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VOL. VIII.

NORWAY, MAINE, TUESDAY, JANUARY, 10, 1832.

NO. 30.

Th	e following Chronological List of	
	principal Officers of the United	
	s Government under the Constitu-	
	has been compiled from authentic	
	es, and may be interesting to many,	18
	convenient document for reference:	
• • 3 G (omaculant nachwent for reference?	18
	Presidents.	1.0
1789.	George Washington of Virginia.	
1797.	John Adams, of Massachusetts.	18
1801.	Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia.	
1809,	James Madison, of Virginia.	į.
1817.	James Monroe, of Virginia.	
1825.	John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts.	1000
1829,	Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee,	
	vice-presidents	18
1789.	John Adams, of Massachusetts.	
1797.	Thomas Jefferson of Virginia.	18
1801	Agran Ruer of Now Vorle	i
1805,	George Clinton, of New-York; died	18

[From the United States Telegraph.]

April 20, 1312. Elbridge Gerry, of Mass.; died Nov. 1817. Daniel D. Tompkins, of New-York. 1825. John C. Calhour, of South Carolina. 1829.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

1789. Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia. Edmund Randolph, of Virginia. 1795. Timothy Pickering, of Massachusetts. **1**800. John Marshall, of Virginia. 1891. James Madison, of Virginia. 1839. Robert Smith, of Maryland. **1811.** James Monroe, of Virginia. John Quincy Adams, of Mass, 1825. Henry Clay, of Kentucky. 182). Martin Van Baren, of N. Y. 1831. Edward Livingston, of Louisiana.

SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY. 1789. Alexander Hamilton, of N. Y. Oliver Wolcott, of Conn. Samuel Dexter, of Mass. Albert Gallatin, of Penn. 1802. George W. Campell, of Tennessee. 1814. Alexander J. Dallas, of Penn. 1817. William H. Crawford, of Georgia Richard Rush, of Penn. Samuel D. Ingham, of Penn. 1831. Louis M'Lane, of Dolaware. SECRETARIES OF WAR.

Henry Knox, of Massachuvetts. Timothy Pickering, of Mass. Junes M'Henry, of Maryland. Samuel Dexter, of Mass Roger Griswold, of Connecticut, **1890.** Henry Dearborn, of Mass William Eustis, of Mass. John Armstrong, of New-York. William H. Crawford, of Georgia. Isane Shelby, of Ky (did not accept.) 1817. John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina. James Barbour, of Virginia. Peter B Porter, of New-York. 1329. John H. Eston, of Tennessee. 1831, Lowis Cass. of Ohio.

SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY.* 1798. George Cabot. of Massachusetts. Benjamin Stoddert, of Maryland. 1892. Robert Smith, of Maryland. Jacob Crowninshield, of Mass. Paul Hamilton, of South Carolina, William Jones, of Pennsylvania. Benj. W Crowninshield, of Mass. Smith Thompson, of New York. Samuel L. Southard, of New Jorsey. John Branch, of North Carolina. Levi Woodbury, of Now-Hampshire,

1789. Samuel Osgood, of Mass. Timothy Pickering, of Mass. 1795. 1814. Return J. Meigs, of Ohio. 1893. John M'Lean, of Obio. CHIEF JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT

POST MASTER GENERALS.

John Jay, of N. York, appointed. William Cushing, of Mass. 1796. Oliver Ellsworth, of Conn. 1796. 1800. John Jay, of New-York. John Marshall, of Virginia. 1801. ATTORNEYS GENERAL. Edmund Randolph, of Va. ap. 1789.

William Bradford, of Penn. 1794. 1795. Charles Lee, of Virginia. 1801. Levi Lincoln, of Mass. 1805. Robert Smith, of Maryland. John Breckenbridge, of Ky. 1806. Casar A. Rodney, of Delaware 1807. William Pinkney, of Maryland. 1811. Richard Rush, of Penn. 1814. William Wirt, of Virginia. John M. Berrien, of Georgia. 1831. Roger B. Taney, of Maryland. SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ick A. Muhlenburg, of Penn.

burgh, of Pennsylvania.

delphia; Jona. Dayton, of N. 1797. delphia; Jona. Dayton, of N.

Tenth Congress; Joseph B. came home. Varnum, of Mass.

of Ky.

: 1813. due of the Congress.

Clay, of Kv.

during the 2d session. Seventeenth Congress; Philip P. Barbour, of Virginia.

Clay, of Ky. 1825. Taylor, of New York. Stevenson, of Virginia.

Stevenson, of Va. a branch of the War Department.

MISCELLANY.

COBBETT'S FIRST LOVE.

The following is an extract from Cob bett's "Advice to Young Men." It is a fround unvarnished tale of his whole course of love.25

When I first saw my wife, she was thirteen years old, and I was within about a month of twenty-one. She was the daughter of a sergeant of artillery,and I was the sergeant major of a regiment of foot, both stationed in forts near the city of of St. John's, in the province of New Brunswick. I sat in the room with her for about an hour, in company with others, and I made up my mind that she was the very girl for me. That I thought her beautiful is certain, for that I had always said should be an indispensable qualification; but I saw in her what I deemed marks of that sobriety of conduct of which I have said so much, and which has been by far the greatest blessing of my life. It was now the dead of winter, and, of course the snow several feet on the ground, and the weather piercing cold. It was my habit, when I had done my morning's writing, to go out at break of day to take a walk on a hill at the fact of which our barracks lay. In about three mornings after I had first seen her, I had by invitation to breakfast with me, got up two young men to join me in my walk; and and mother. It was hardly light, but William T. Barry, of Kentucky. man. When he found I was, he ap- nean excursion.

peared surprised; but what was his sur-! We assembled about 8 o'clock in the for the first building of Paris, it was neprise, when I told him that those tall morning at the Royal Observatory, situ-cessary to dig the stone in the environs, young men whom he saw around me, __ ated in St. James suburbs, in the high- and as the city was enlarged, it was inwere the sons of that pretty little girl est part of the city. The edifice was sensibly built on these quarries, so that that he and I saw scrubbing out the built, they tell me, by Louis XIV., in all you see without, is essentially wantwash tub on the snow in New Bruns. 1668, and takes its name from its hav- ing within, for the foundation is comwick in the morning.

From the day that I first spoke to appointed by the king to make observaher I never had a thought of her being tions and improvements in astronomy.the wife of another man, more than I It is built of stone, and so admirably aronce to marry her as soon as we could my as soon as we could. So that this commonds an excellent view of Paris & New England. matter was at once settled, as firmly as if its environs. Trap-doors are placed perit had been written in the book of fate .- pendicularly one exactly above the oth- from "a letter from J. Hector St. John, to Frederickstown, a distance of about the subterraneous cave above mentioned 1784. one hundred miles up the river St. John | - which by the way leads from this ed--and which was worse, the artillery ince--can distinguish stars very clear- have long been the tenants of my farm, Third Congress, held at Phila- and mother, necessarily visited by nu- some day breaking through. delphia; Frederic A. Muhlen- merous persons not the most select,-

Thirteenth Congress; Henry Spain about Nootka Sound. Oh how I ments, so that it had quite a citylike ap-! he instantly screamed, and flew, not as Clay, of Ky, until January the cursed Nootka Sound, and poor Pitt too pearance. The height of the roof is on- before in an irregular manner, but in a 17th, 1814, Langdon Cheeves, I am afraid. At the end of four years, - ward way, however, we soon entered a direct line. He was followed by the of South Carolina, for the resi- however, home I came, landed at Ports- kind of saloon, cut out of the rock, which same bold the lank, at a considerable mouth, and got my discharge from the was illuminated with great taste. S15. Fourteeath Congress; Henry army by the great kindness of poor Lord | At one end was a miniature in repre- too sure of victory, quitted their military and fifty guineas unbroken.

relation shall reach.

SUBTERRANEAN VISIT. ence, Baltimore, dated

PARIS, July 21, 1831. hear that yesterday, in the full possess- but at present there are only the two I our road lay by the house of her father ion of life, health and my usual quantum have mentioned, viz. the Observatory,of reason—be it less or more—I actual- and the Val de Grace, and these age a wash tub. "That's the girl for me," band, two ladies and several gentlemen to admit strangers. We have since said I when we had got of out her hear- - what place do you think? you will learned that the illumination and refreshing. One of these young men came to never guess, and I may as well out with ments were prepared on our account. Joseph Habersham, of Georgia. England soon afterwards, and he (who it at once—The lower regions! Stare We have also learned that many years Gideon Granger, of Connecticut, now keeps an inn in Yorkshire) came not, ye lovers of the marvellous, should ago it was inhabited by a famous gang over to Preston, at the time of the elec- this assertion ever meet your view, but of robbers, who infested the country; tion to verify whether I was the same listen to the perticulars of our subterra- but of its origin, very little can be as-

ing been the residence of mathematicians pletely undermined."

Edward Fitzgerland, who was the major sentation of some of the principal forts array and disbanded them elves. By 817. Fistcenth Congress; Henry Clay, of my regiment. I found my little a in the Indies, with fortifications, draw- this inconsiderate step they lost all that servant of all work, (and hard work it bridges, &c. Cannons were planted, - aggregate of force which made the bird S19. Sixteenth Congress; Henry was,) at five pounds a year, in the house with a couple of soldiers at each ready fly off. Perceiving their disorder, he Clay, of Ky. during the 1st ses- of Captain Brisac, and with hardly say- to fire. Sentinels were placed at differ- immediately returned, and snapped as ing a word about the matter, she put in- ent parts of the garrison, particularly be- many as he wanted, nay, he had even John W. Taylor, of New-York, to my hands the whole of my hundred fore the Governor's house; and a regi- the impudence to elight on the very twig ment of armed men was drawn up in a- from which the bees had driven him. Need I tell the reader what my feel- nother place with their general in front. I killed him, and immediately opened ings were? Need I tell kind-hearted The whole was made up of a kind of his craw, from which I took 171 bees .-Eighteenth Congress; Henry English parents what this anecdote clay which the place affords, and the I laid them all on a blanket, in the sun, must have produced on the minds of light which was thrown upon it, gave it and, to my great surprise, 54 returned to Nineteenth Congress; John W. | their children? Need I attempt to de- | a very ingenius, and, I suppose war-like | life, licked themselves clean, and joyscribe what effect this example ought to effect. We did not apprehend much fully went back to the hive; where they 1827. Twentieth Congress; Andrew have on every young woman who shall danger, however, from the soldiery or probably informed their companions of do me the honor to read this book? Ad- their cannon, as they were not one of such an adventure and escape, as I be-Twenty-first Congress; Andrew miration of her conduct, and my gratu- them able to move a limb. On one side lieve had never happened before to Alation on this indubitable proof of the of this saloon was a long table furnished merican bees! This department was not established until soundness of my own judgment were with cold tongue, bread and butter, and the 30th of April, 1798, being prior to that date now added to my love of her beautiful some excellent wine—these articles were not of clay, but the real vegetable Now, I do not say that there are not and animal production. I took a hearty many young women of this country, - | draught of the wine, as well as my comwho would under similar circumstances; panions—notwithstanding I belonged to have acted as my wife did in this case; the temperance society. We proceeded on the contrary, I hope, and do sincere- on our journey about two miles farther, dent for information relative to the state ly believe that there are. But when which brought us to another flight of of the trade between the United States her age is considered—when we reflect steps, leading up to the town. We all and the British possessions in the West that she was living in a place crowded, ascended accordingly, and found our- Indies, &c. was taken up for consideraliterally crowded, with gaily dressed and selves sufe at the Val de Grace, near the tion, when handsome young men, many of them re- Benedictine convent, without one of the Mr. Webster after some prefatory really richer and in higher rank than I party having suffered the least accident. marks submitted an amendment to be was, and scores of them ready to offer It was the opinion of our guides, that we inserted in the body of the resolution,her their hand—when we reflect that had walked five or six miles under requiring a statement showing the she was living amongst young women ground. We had been absent from the months in which such clearances were who put upon their backs every shilling surface of the earth four hours. Tho' respectively made, and whether from they could come at-when we see her there was no doubt, some danger atten- Pritish continental ports, or from British keeping the bag of gold untouched, and ding our rash expedition—as some were West India ports. working hard to provide herself with but pleased to call it-yet we were all in exmere necessary articles of clothing, and cellent spirits, and highly delighted Sulth and Holmes, the resolution was doing this while she was passing from with the novelty of the scene; -all, how- postponed to, and made the order of the fourteen to eighteen years of age-when ever, concluded that for a place of resi- day for to-morrow. we view the whole of these circumstan- dence we should prefer an upper region. ces, we must say that here is an exam- It was regretted by us that we had not equipping a part of the army of the Uniple which, while it reflects honor on her taken a thermometer and barometer ted States, was read the second time,sex, ought to have weight with every down with us, to ascertain the tempera- and referred to the Committee on Miliyoung woman whose eyes or ears this ture and weight of the air. Certain it tary Affairs. is, however, it was much colder than on the surface of the earth, and in some places we found respiration more diffi-Extract of a letter to the Editor of the cult; but this might in some measure Ladies Journal of Literature and Sci | have been owing to the number of persons and wax light.

Our guides told us that formerly there "Will you not be a little surprised to were several openings into the quarries, certained. It appears, however, that

SAGACITY OF BEES.

Any thing relating to the natural hishad of being transformed in a chest of ched that neither wood nor iron are em- tory of Bees, is particularly interesting drawers, and formed my resolution at ployed in the whole building. The at this period, when so many of our inheight is about 80 or 90 feet, and at the telligent countrymen are endeavoring to get permission, and to get out of the ar- top there is a beautiful platform, which introduce them among the farmers of

The following anerdote is extracted At the end of about six months, my reg- er, in the different floors, and when a Fermer in Pennsylvania to a friend in iment, and I along with it was removed these are open, persons at the bottom of England," first published, we believe in The sagacity of these animals, which

sions, held at New-York, 3d year or two before our regiment! The the quarry, and notwithstanding it ex- surpass even men in memory and sagacisession at Philadelphia; Freder- artillery went and she along with them; tends under the greater part of the city, ty. I could tell you singular instances and now it was that I acted a part be- few, I am told, even of those who con- of that kind. What then is this instinct 3791. Second Congress, held at Phila- coming a real sensible lover. I was a- stantly reside at Paris, are at all ac- which we so debase, and of which we delphia; Jonathan Trumbull, of ware that when she got to that gay place quainted with it, or give themselves any are taught to entertain so diminutive an -Woolwich, the house of her father trouble, from the danger they are in of idea? My bees, above any other tenants of my farm, attract my attention and re-About 6, our guides being ready, and spect. I am astonished to see that nomight become unpleasant to her and I all hands equipped, each with a wax thing exists but what has its enemy;— 1795. Fourth Congress, held at Phila- did not like besides, that she should candle, we descended by steps, to the one species pursues and lives upon the continue to work. I had saved a hun depth of three hundred and sixty feet !- other. Unfortunately our kingbirds are dred and fifty guineas, the earning of my Did ever you visit the Simsbury mines the destroyers of these industrious in-Fifth Congress, held at Phila- early hours, in writing for the paymas- in Connecticut? I never did, but I sects: but, on the other hand, these ter, the quartermaster and others, in ad- have heard of those who have—and birds preserve our fields from the depdition to the savings of my own pay. - | much did I sympathise with them as | redation of crows, which they pursue on Sixth Congress, 1st session at I sent her all the money I had before we made our descent. The New-ga- the wing with great vigilance and as-Philadelphia, 2d at Washington; she sailed, and wrote her begging of her ters were not so classical, however, as tonishing dexterity. Thus divided by Theodore Sedgwick, of Mass. if she found her home uncomfortable, to to have marble steps, but performed two interested motives, 1 have long re-Seventh Congress, held at Wash- hire a lodging with respectable people, their under-ground movements by help sisted the desire I had to kill them, unington; Nathaniel Macon, of and at any rate not to spare the money, of wooden ladders. We depended on til last year, when I thought they increaby any means, but to buy herself good no such totterish supporters, but, except | sed too much, and my indulgence had 1803. Eighth Congress; Nathaniel clothes and to live without work, until I some little danger of falling to the bot- been carried too far. It was at the time arrived in England, and in order to in- tom, we found things remarkably con- of swarming, when they all came and 1805. Ninth Congress; Nathaniel Ma- duce her to lay out the money, told her venient. Having once landed—if land- fixed themselves on the neighboring that I should get plenty more before I ding it might be called—we found the trees, whence they caught those bees path rather narrow at first, but soon we that returned from the field. This made As the malignity of the devil would entered large and spacious streets, mark- me resolve to kill as many as I could,- Comprise be instructed to inquire into 1869. Eleventh Congress; Joseph B. have it, we were kept abroad two years ed with names the same as in the city; and I was just ready to fire, when a the expediency of regulating the pay of longer than our time; Mr. Pitt (Eng-advertisements and bills were pasted on bunch of bees, as big as my fist, issued collectors, naval officers, surveyors, in-Twelfth Congress; Henry Clay, land not being so tame then as she is the walls; and here and there were from one of the hives, rushed on one of spectors, and other officers of the congress;

distance, which unfortunately becoming

22D CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

IN THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 21. The resolution submitted yesterday by Mr. Holmes calling on the Presi-

After some remarks from Messrs.

The bill providing for mounting and

THURSDAY Dec. 22 Several petitions were presented, and reports made.

Mr. Holmes submitted the following

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to cause to be made a map of the disputed North eastern Boundary, showing the territory in dispute, and exhibiting the marks and monuments, natural and artificial, and to cause lithographic she was out on the snow, scrubbing out iv visited, in company with my hus- constantly locked, except when opened impressions thereof to be executed for the use of the Senate.

Trade with the British West Indies. On motion of Mr. Smith, the resolutions of Mr. Holmes, as amended on the motion of Mr. Webster, calling upon the President for information relative to the trade between the United States and the British West Indies, was taken up for consideration.

Mr. Smith said, that so far as he had considered the subject, he saw no objection to the passage of the resolutions. He indeed objected to the third as eighly exceptionable, but would leave the whole motion for inquiry. Mr. Smith made several remarks, in support of his objection to the foregoing resolution.— He acknowledged that he had not fully prepared himself for the discussion, but what he had said he considered due to the emarks which had fallen from the gentleman from Maine.

Mr. Holmes in the course of his reply. observed, that before the arrangement of Mr. McLane, we had a very valuable trade with the British which was rapidly increasing, but that by the new arrangement, it appeared to be considerably injured. After some calculations entered into by Mr. H., relative to the 1789. First Congress, 1st and 2d see- was expected to go off to England a ly at noon-dey. This cavern is called astonishes me; some of them seem to British vessels, and the advantages allowed them, I e observed, that if such practices were going on as he had reason to apprehend, it was time it should be known to Congress, and it was proper to call on the President for such info mation as was in his possession.

The resolution was agreed to.

HOUSE OF REFFESENTATIVES. THURSDAY, Dec. 22

The following resolution was transmitted by Mr. Heister, and lies on the table one day:

Resolved, That the Postmaster General be directed to furnish to this house a statement of the annual amount of postage received on news; apers and periodicals for the preceding five years, designating the amount received on each; also his views on the expediency or inexpediency of aboli-hing the postage on newspapers and periodicals, or either of them.

On motion of Mr. Dayan, it was Resolved, That the Committee on now) having knocked up a dust with stalls where men were selling refresh-these birds, and probably stung him, for toms on the northern frontiers,

On motion of Mr. Boundin it was

manufactures be instructed to inquire rence, were read a second time and re- nue. and report to the House, the compara | ferred. tive cost of producing the following arcost from 1 dollar to 2 dollars 50 centson the raw materials used, particularly ment. wool, and

on Commerce be instructed to inquire ponement, which were answered by and report what are the charges of importation of the several articles compri- motion was finally carried, 3I to 7. sed in the foregoing list, with the minimum importer's profit added, on which sented: the business can be done.

Internal Improvements, submitted a res-led to enquire into the expediency of esolution, which was laid upon the table tablishing a naval depot and post of exone day, requesting the President to pedition and rendezvous within the wacause to be laid before the House a state ment of the several sums of money expended since March, 1715, on breakwa- of the Board of Navy Commissioners,ters, rivers, and the improvement of the mouths of rivers, julets and harbours of the Secretary of the Navy, made Dec. 6 the United States; that such statement [1830, as relates to the establishment of a embrace the denomination of each of depot in said waters, be referred to said the said works, the particular State in which it is situated; the authority under which it was begun; and, if any such work be vet incomplete, the sum and time which the completion thereof will probably require.

of the Treasury to communicate to this | Decatur, the widow of the late Commo- | The Address of the inhabitants of for the relief of certain importers of for- Duffie, from the Committee on Ways the late disturbances in that place. 1831, together with the names of the priation bill for 1832, which was read a red at Worcester, and a number of perimporters of such merchandize, and first time, and referred to a Committee sons had been arrested. whether imported on account of citizens of the Whole on the State of the Union. shipment of the same, and of the entry through a Committee of the Whole. thereof at the custom house.

jackets, and one carried an umbrella over his head, which he held aloft with both arms out of the water. Another of the party, Mr. Edwad, very whimsically dressed like an old woman, clung to the Mr. Drayton, from the Committee on bottom of the canve, making a most ludicrous lamentation. After thus amusing the spectators for a while he quitted the

IN SENATE.

FRIDAY, Dec. 23.

The Vice President communicated a letter from Ebenezer H. Cummings,transmitting tabular statements, showing the result of any ratio of representation | from 48,000 to 55,000 souls for each representative under the last census;and,

On motion by Mr. Dickerson, Ordered, That 1000 copies of the letter and statements be printed for the use

of the Senate. The following resolution, submitted yesterday by Mr. Holmes, was consider-

ed and agreed to: Resolved, That the Secretary be disions thereof to be executed for the use the union. Agreed.

of the Senate.

day next. Tuesday, 27.

his seat. Mr. Holmes submitted the following ordered to be printed. resolution:

Treasury be directed to communcate to of Samuel Dane, which was read twice, the Senate, copies of all the instructions committed to a Committee of the whole to collectors of the customs and other made the order of the day for to-morrow doubt that the spasmodic cholera has pendence of Poland—can satisfy men officers in respect to the British colonial grade, given or issued since the prolamation of the President, of the 5th of October.

A number of bills from the House of Representatives were read the first time and ordered to a second reading, and several Senate bills received their secand readings and were ordered to be engrossed. After the consideration of ex ecutive business, the Senate adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 28. Mr Benton, gave notice that he wo'd free of postage. to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill for the abolishment of the duty upon al- ses and types, and all persons actually persons who have been engaged in di-

um salt. vesterday by Mr. Holmes, was consider- ters free of postage.

ed and agreed to. Treasury be directed to communicate to free letters be dispensed with. the Senate, copies of all the instructions | 4th. That as soon as the national debt | were well chosen.

October, 1831.

Mr. Smith made some remarks in op-Resolved further. That the Committee position to the motion of indefinite post-Messrs. Hayne and Holmes; and the

The following resolutions were pre-

By Mr. Robbius.—Resolved, that the Mr. Mercer, from the Committee on Committee on Naval Affairs be instructters of the Naragansett Bay

Resolved, That so much of the report made Oct. 19 1829, and of the report of committee.—Adj.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. ERIDAY, Dec. 23.

and adopted. It directs the Secretary val Affairs, to compensate Mrs. Susan tence of the Address. eign merchandize," approved March 24 and Means, reported the general approof the United States, of of foreigners, (if Nearly thirty private bills were passed, known) and the time and place of the and a large number were forwarded Adj. till Tuesday.

TUESDAY, 27.

Petitions were as usual presented, and a large number of private bills were forwarded through their different stages .-Military Affairs, reported a bill to improve the condition of the non-commissioned officers of the Army and to prevent desertion, which was read a first and second time and committed. Mr. Hoffman, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported bills providing for the repair of the frigates Java and Macedonian, and the sloop of war Cyane, which were severally read twice, and committed to a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union. Mr. McDuffie from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the pension appropropriation bill for 1832, which went through its first and second reading, and was also referred to a committee of the Whole on the state of the Union. Adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 28.

rected to cause to be made a map of the Naval Affairs, reported a bill to provide (including the suburbs) 56 new cases North Eastern Boundary, showing the for the allowance of the travelling ex- occurred on the 22d. The total number territory in dispute, and exhibiting the penses of naval officers in certain cases, of cases in that capital to that day, 2, marks and monuments, natural and arti- which he moved to be committed to the 804; of deaths 1297; remaining 298. ficial, and to cause lithographic impres- committee of the Whole on the state of A Hamburg letter of Oct. 21st says,-

Whole on the state of the Union, and lowest class of people, hard drinkers,-

Resolved, That the Secretary of the of Claims, reported a bill for the relief ly." and ordered to be printed.

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE.

In the House of Representatives on presented a petition from Samuel Mar- of the river. Four or five deaths are tin, in relation to the Post Office De- said (but with what truth we know not) partment. This petition embraces the to have already taken place. fixe following propositions:

to collectors of the customs and other shall be paid off, the whole expense of A Paris letter of the 4th, from the so soaked with the blood of her defendofficers in respect to the British colonial the Post Office Department be defrayed correspondent of the morning Heraldtrade, given or issued since the procla- out of the general fund. This proposi- says: mation of the President, of the 5th of tion, he presumed, would meet the Within these few days there have ar- America is the only country worthy of week at Salem, to purchase suel for the

Resolved, That the Committee on other house yesterday, for their concur-; with the accruing and increasing reve-ty. Among others are M. M. Niemoju- Poland will be enshrined in our hearts,

5th. The fifth proposition he consid- late Minister for Foreign Affairs, and votion. The bill authorising the President of ered a very important one. It was,—! the Professor Lelewel. It was said that ticles in the United States, and the cost the United States to arm a certain por- that ALL the newspapers within the U- the last mentioned individual, intended of production of the same articles, of the tion of the army, was read a second time nited States should be permitted to pub- for the future to confine himself to litersame qualities, in those countries from and the second section thereof amended, lish the laws of the United States, and ary pursuits, had taken up his residence which they are most usually imported, on motion of Mr. Benton, by filling the the Advertisements of the Post Office in that quarter of Paris so uninviting to viz. iron of all sorts and qualities, salt, blank with \$25,000. After some re- Department, and that each should re- all but the student or the scholar—the preparing for the struggle between the sugar, woolfen cloths, which at the place and ke by Mr. Smith, in objection to the ceive one hundred dollars per annum for Pays Latin. He has for that choice, whence imported cost from 33 1-3 to 5) ans must of the appropriation, which were such publication. Every man in this however, other motives, and has not cents per square yard; those which cost answered by Mr. Benton; it was order- country was presumed to know the law; ceased to feel that his country still defrom 50 cents to one dollar; those which ed to be engrossed for a third reading. and was held amendable to the law as mands his exertions. In order to watch The bill providing for the armament knowing it. Such being the fact, he over the interests of Poland, and those and those which cost more than I dol- of certain fortifications, by a further ap- thought that much pains should be ta- of their brethren in exile, the Poles at lar 50 cts. per square yard, at the place proprition of the sum of \$100,000 an- ken to let those who are subject to the present in Paris propose establishing usually imported: woollen blankets of mully, for that purpose, was then taken laws, know what the laws were. As at here a permanent National Committee, the various qualities now in use; that up, and a motion was made by Mr. Ben-present promulgated, there was not, he of which M. Lelewel will, in all probathey report, also, how far the difference ton, in behalf of the Committee on Mil would venture to say, one man to a bility be the President. Under the difound to exist results from duties paid itary affairs, for its indefinite postpone- thousand who ever saw the laws that rection of that Committee, it proposed were there enacted.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The London Times, referring to the Address of the Polish Refugees to their fellow-countrymen, which may be found below, says, "Between 30,000 and 40-000 of the best citizens of Poland are now in foreign lands. They have the example of the "Polish Legion" before them, and intend, like it, to become a nation without a country, till happier times restore them to the banks of the Vistula and the possessions of their ancestors. The Poles have neither ships of their own country to carry them, nor colonies on which to retire; but they will find the means of transport across the Atlantic from strangers, and may carry their household gods to a land of freedom, where, among the people who gave an assylum to Koskiusko, they may After the usual presentation of peti- wait for the result of European revolutions, a variety of bills were acted upon tions, and the return of more propitious A resolution, submitted the day pre- Among them was one introduced by days for liberty." The reader is revious by Mr. Huntington, was taken up | Mr. Carson, from the Committee on Na- quested to read attentively the last sen-

House the amount of duties on foreign | dore Decatur, for the services rendered | Bristol on the subject of the Riots had merchandize which may have been re- by her husband in the destruction of the been presented to the King, and it was mitted, in pursuance of the authority ves- frigate Philadelphia at Tripoli. It was supposed that a Commissioner would be ted in him by the act, entitled "An act read twice and committed. Mr. Me- immediately, appointed to investigate

Some riotous proceedings had occur-

The public mind was considerably agitated at Manchester, in consequence of an expected 'political Union' meeting at St. Peter's Field on the 7th.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 9.—The state o the country is one of great and dangerous excitement. This cannot be doubted, it has been proclaimed in characters of fire and blood at Bristol, at Derby,and at Nottingham; and how soon we may have a repitition of such scenes is beyond the power of man to determine.

The amount of damage done through the riots at Nottingham Castle, Colwick Hall, and Beeston silk-mill, is more than

£ 50,000. THE CHOLERA. -- The alarm in respect to the Cholera in England, had in a great measure subsided A letter from Alexandria, in Egypt, dated Sept. 23,states that the disease had entirely ceased at Cairo, and that at Alexandria the number of cases had diminished to S or 10 cases in a day. According to the official returns published in Hungary, the cholera had visited 2,982 towns and villages in that kingdom. One thousand and one places were again free from the scourge. The total number of cases to the 18th of October, was 335-Mr. B anch. from the Committee on 734, of deaths 151,734. At Vienna,-"The cholera, I assure you, looks far Mr. M'Duffie, from the Committee of more dreadful at a distance—it is by no The Senate adjourned over to Tues- | Ways and Means, reported a bill making | means contagious-not an idea of it; appropriations for the support of the ar- it lies in the atmosphere, the air being my during the year 1832, which was quite sulphurious, and we have summer Mr. Frelinghuysen attended and took committed to the Committee of the weather; besides, it attacks only the people who live in other respects badly, Mr. McIntyre, from the Committee and such as these from 10 to 15 die dai-

CHOLERA IN ENGLAND.

made its appearance at Sunderland, having been tiansported thither through the medium of one or more Hamburg ships the crews of which broke the quarantine the 19th ult. Mr. Arnold of Tennessee, regulations by ranging about the shore FRANCE.

1st. That to all actual subscribers, - | PARIS, Nov. 5. -A list of fifty peers newspers and pamphlets, not exceeding was circulated this evening in the saone sheet, should pass through the mail loons. It was said to have been agreed upon this morning. It was composed 2d. That all owners of printing pres- of 25 general officers, 3 magistrates, 5 working and employed as printers, plomatic affairs, 2 members of the Insti-The following resolution submitted should be permitted to receive their let- tute, 15 Peers taken from the administration of the Empire, or from the pres-5d. That the two cents at present al- ent, or who have rendered services to be lest to Europe as that of. patriotism Resolved, That the Secretary of the lowed to Post Masters for delivering the State. In some circles, the list was reduced to 40. In general the names

that the Polish soldiers, as they reach France, shall be regimented; and, to comply with the provisions of the recruitment law of France, which directs that none but a Frenchman shall be a French soldier, it is proposed that a motion be made in the Chamber for natu ralizing all the Poles who shall reach France. This sweeping proposition may, perhaps be opposed by government on the ground of its tending to displease the other powers of Europe—but there is a precedent for it—namely, that o the regiment of Hohelohe, every man which was a French citizen, some 13 or 14 months ago, for the admirable

of the news of the rising in Paris. The government may or may not do its duty by the Polish refugees; but the months since, under the Presidency of General Lafavette, will persevere in its exertions on behalf of Poland and her brave defenders. Already has that Comless a sum than 86,000 francs, (3,200 their struggle for life, be regarded?"

number a distinguished native of Poland | back empty handed .- Journal of Com. -M. Leonard Chodzki, the historian of the Polish Legion in the service of roes of Ostrolenka?

COUNTRYMEN IN ENGLAND

AND FRANCE.

of your cause, you rose to throw off the South Carolina only talks about it. yoke of the oppressor. The world, in | We hope, however, for better things astonishment, has witnessed your a- under the auspices of the new Governor chievements; but nations, whom honor, of Georgia, whom we have understood duty, and even interest, commanded to to be a moderate, sensible and patriotic assist you, have pusillanimously betray- man. The whole "Indian Question," ed the common cause. Future ages will as it is called, is now in a fair way to be show how base was their conduct, how brought for revision before the Supreme short sighted their policy. The contest | Court of the United States. is at an end: the sword of the Autocrat has triumphed. Europe, by her callous indifference to your misfortunes, partiis no more. Erased from the list of na-

slavery. Countrymen!-What can we expect from the conquerer? His rage and fury we have already defied, and if an unexpected effort of humanity should attempt to spare our sufferings, feelings of patriotism would be more deeply wounded than they ever have been by every cru-LONDON, Nov. 5 -There appears no press them, for what, short of the inde-

who have sworn to die for her freedom? Poles !- You have done all that became a great and noble nation: You have spared no sacrifice to attain your great object; thousands of your brave brethren have already sealed with their greatest compact with heaven to die for their country. But if the sword of the enemy has spared our lives, let us remember that we are bound to devote every hour that remains to us to emulate the heroes that have fallen, and whose honor and glory are our most sacred trust. No inducement of fortune, rank, or interest shall betray us into an act unworthy of our most solemn vows,these must be guarded as spotless as the name of Pole which will thenceforward and devotion.

Poles !- let us leave that wretched country, now no more our own, though specers-let us leave Europe, a heartless views of gentlemen who are so much a- rived here many of the Poles most dis- affording an assylum to men who have poor-

The but sent to the Senate from the larmed to know what shall be done tinguished in the late struggle for ober-) sacrificed every thing to irredom; in reiski, late Vice Governor; Morawski, - and Heaven will perhaps bless our de-

> In Lisbon, great alarm was entertained from the threataned invasion of Don Pedro, on behalf of his daughter, the Queen of that country, and the emissaries of Miguel were actively engaged in brothers.

Extract of a letter to the Editors of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, from & Cherokee Indian, dated.

"New Echota. Nov. 18-You are well aware of the trouble and difficulties with which the Cherokees are surrounded. You understand in some degree, no doubt, the severity of the oppression which they are compelled to endure, and the nature of the means which are pressed upon them to induce them to leave the land of their fathers. The Government of the United States has not only withdrawn its protection promised in treaties, but it has become the auxiliary of Georgia in the work of cruel oppression. The "Great Father" of the "red man" has not only delivered "his children" to their enimies, but he is assisting their persecutors in various ways; one of which is, the distribution of the annuity to individuals of the pation, intending thereby, evidently, to cut off their pecuniary resources as a nation, and prevent them from carrying the question of conduct displayed by them, on receipt their rights to the Supreme Court of the United States, and destroy their means of supporting their Government and their press. This new policy of the Pres-Polish Committee, organized here many ident has so succeeded as to empty our Treasury. Consequently, the Chrokees are thrown upon their own immediate resources. I hope they have sufficient patriotism to do what they can for themmittee sent agents to the frontiers, for selves. They are now attempting to raise the purpose of administering relief to money in order to meet the engagements the refugees as they arrive and of ena- of the nation. Contributions are makbling all who may wish to proceed to ing in various places; and the Principal Paris to travel thither. Nor is this be- Chief has just been authorised by the nevolence confined to the French Com- General Council to collect funds on mittee; the citizens of the United States loans. In this way a few Thousand Dolat present in Paris, organized this day lars will no doubt be collected. But a co-opperating committee with the their means are inadequate to their same objects, and have already raised a wants. - Will an appeal to their friends, fund for that purpose, amounting to no who have sympathized wth them in

We answer, Yes. Let some suitable This Committee, of which the Presi- individual of the Nation visit this city, dent is Mr. Law, and the Secretary, - or any other of our Northern cities, and Fennimore Cooper, have added to their we will guarantee that he shall not go

Georgia.-Gov. Lumpkin, as the rep-France. Thus you see that, although resentative of Georgia, has been cited to Poland is conquered, the brave men appear before the Supreme Court of the who fought for her, and who are in con- United States, to shew cause why the sequence, exiles from their native land, judgments against Samuel A. Worceswill not be allowed to perish, even tho ter and Elizur Butler—the impresoned the government of France may deem it Missionaries—should not be set aside.expedient to refuse them political rights. Messrs. Wm Wirt and John Sergeant Will the British public leave to France, appear to be the counsel for the missionand of the United States, all the honor aries. Gov. Lumpkin communicated of solacing in their misfortunes the he-this proceeding of the Georgia Legislature, Nov. 25, in a Message somewhat ADDRESS TO THE POLES BY THEIR of the" Troup order." We shall soon see, what are the proceedings of the Legislature thereon. The remark has Poles !- Confident in the enlighten- been made, with some force, that Geored spirit of the age, and in the sancity gia practices "Nullification," while

Boston Patriot.

Lord Brougham .- Our readers will cipates in the unhallowed act. Poland learn with amazement, bordering on incredulity; that the salary of the Retions, she is doomed anew to a long forming Lord Chancellor of England, Lord Brougham, is not less than twelve thousand pounds sterling, or about ninety thousand dollars a year. Such wasstated to be the fact in the British House of Commons, in the course of debate on the fifth of October, by Sir Edward Sugden, the late Solicitor General. Lord Brougham receives of this twelve thouelty and torture formerly devised to sup- sand pounds as Chancellor, and six thousand pounds as Speaker of the House of Lords.

England certainly pays enough to ensure a good Government; yet no country can be well governed where one of her magistrates receives 90,000 dollars a year, at a time whilst the third commercial city in the empire, a hundred miles. only from the metropolis, is the scene of blood and conflagration. [Vide the recent occurrences of Bristol.]

Telegroph.

Mysterious.—The body of an elegantly dressed lady was washed on one of; the Blasket Islands, Dingle Bay, on the 18th Oct. She was attired in silk,with a gold chain and other valuabletrinkets attached to her person, the most singular appendage was two Pointers,fastened one to each hand of the ill-fated lady; a part of the wreck of a vesselt was perceived on the opposite side.

Liverpool pa.

Fuel for the Poor .- Thirteen hundred spectator of our struggle and our despair. dollars were collected in two days, last-

Obserber.

NORWAY, TUESDAY, JAN. 10. "Hang your banner on the outward wall."

FOR PRESIDENT, HENRY CLAY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, JOHN SERGEANT.

CANAL.

the inhabitants of this town and vicinty on the tution and laws of the U. States and of the 17th ult. for the purpose of negociating with State, which they severally took and subscribthe Cumberland and Oxford Canal Company. ed. to see what they would do upon the subject of the contemplated Canal, report that the project meets their highest approbation, and that they have appointed a Committee to report what as- Thomaston, Phelps of Fairfield, and sistance the Company will render towards the Swett of Prospect, were appointed a accomplishment of the work. The Committee committee to receive, sort, and count the appionted to see what damages will be required by the owners of land upon the route for the canal, report that the damages will be little or number of votes to be 168-necessary nothing. The expenses then will be merely to a choice 85-Joseph G. Cole of Paris for the construction of the Canal. A petition had 117, Richard H. Vose of Augusta has been sent to the Legislature for an act of 41, and others 10. Mr. Cole being deincorporation; and the only thing that will be clared elected, accepted the office, and wanting for the ultimate accomplishment of the proceeded to act as Clerk. work, will be the spirit of enterprize-if we can have this, the Cash of course will be produced.

IT We have had the pleasure of perusing the first volume of the "Collections of the chair, made a brief and appropriate ad-Maine Historical Society." It has just issued dress. from the press of Messrs. Day, Frazer & Co. of Portland Its execution in all respects is the Rules and Orders of the last House very neat, and its contents very interesting .-It embraces the history of Portland from its William of Augusta, and Knowlton of earliest settlement, with notices of the neigh- Montville were appointed to prepare boring towns, and of the changes of govern- Rules and Orders. ment in Maine—a brief account of the settlement on the coast of Maine, previous to 1632, &c. &c. with notices of the first wars with the and Council, and the Senate, of the or-Indians up to about 1700. It centains the let- ganization of the House. ters of Benedict Arnold giving a description of On motion of Mr. Hamlen, it was vothe march of his army to Quebec, &c.—It is ted that the House hold two sessions a embellished with a handsome map of Casco day, commencing at 9 o'clock in the A. Bay shewing the situation of its numerous Isl- M., and 2 in the P. M. ands. It has extracts from the manuscript papers of the late Enoch Lincoln, late Gov- | Senate, informing the House that that ernor of the State-giving a history of some body was organized. of the Indian tribes.

brarg. Price \$2 It is for sale at A. Barton's ed to officiate as Chaplains to the House. Wood, in I vol. 12mo. Bookstore. We shall hereafter give some ex- in rotation according to seniority. At tracts from it.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Tuesday, Nov. 29. In the Senate, on Saturday, Mr. Nesbit Jaid on the fable a resolution offering a reward of --- thousand dollars, to be raid by the Governor to any person or persons arresting and bringing to trial, under the laws of this State, the editor or publisher of the Liberator; or any person or persons who shall utter, or circulate, within the limits of this State, the said paper, or any circular, pamphlet, letter or address, of a seditious character.—Georgian.

low men, is hunted like the thief or the robber, committee on contested Elections. and a great reward offered for his apprehension! have no effect upon our New-England population, or our rulers. We have too high an opinpuble of betraying their brethren into the hands | printed. of the enemies of freedom. Mr. Garrison, the warm advocates of "equal rights"-he is en- ton of Camden, (with such as the Sengaged heart and hand for the immediate eman- ate may join,) were appointed a comcipation of the blacks from slavery. He is not mittee to contract with some suitable intimidated from his duty by fines or imprisonment; but takes hold of his subject with a firm and unwavering confidence and determination to accomplish, as far as possible, the work in which he is engaged. We peruse his paper Beecher, of New York, informs the pub to make some interesting extracts from it .receivo an increased patronage.

Produce, we will take good Hemlock Bark and be a matter worthy the attention of those Wood, if delivered within the present month. Otherwise, Cash for old arrearages.

The Legislature of Massachusetts assembled in Boston, on Wednesday last. Our foreign news is taken from London and Liverpool papers of Nov. 8th and 9th.

OXFORD COUNTY LYCEUM. The meeting of the Oxford County Lycoum is postponed to Wednesday, Jan. 24th inst. By order of the Directors.

LYCEUM.—WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT. Question-Would it be for the benefit of mankind to dispense entirely with the use of Ardent Spirits?

RECIPE FOR A COUGH Take of liquorice, antimonial wine, and paregoric, each one ounce-dissolve the liquorice in a pint of warm water and boil it down to a half pint; when cold add the wine and paregoric. Take one table spoonful three or four times a day. If the patient has pain in the bones,

of white balsam tea on going to bed. New Bodford Mercury. Try it and see. Need enough now.

relief will be found by taking a pint bowl

MAINE LEGISLATURE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 5.

The House of Representatives was called to order by Mr. Knowlton of Montville, and Mr. Steele of Brownfield was placed in the chair. He left \$10,000 each to his nephews and nie-A committee was appointed to receive the credentials of the members, and reported that a quorum was present. A message was sent to to the city, to be expended in certain public the Governor and Corneil, and they forthwith improvements. came in, and the Governor administered to the The Committee appointed at the meeting of members elect the eaths to support the consti-

> It was voted to proceed to the choice of a Clerk; and Messrs. Clifford of Newfield, Kent of Bangor, Cilley of votes for Clerk.

The committee reported the whole

Whole number of votes for Speaker were 172—necessary to a choice 87— Benj. White of Monmouth had 118, Edward Kent of Bangor 47, Wm. Clark 5, others 3. Mr. White, on taking the II. part I. containing Light and Heat.

On motion of Mr. Kent of Bangor, were adopted temporarily, Messrs. Kent,

On motion of Mr. Mac Crate, messages were sent to inform the Governor

A message was received from the

Mr. Lowell of East Machias moved Such a volume ought to be found in every li- that the clergymen of Augusta he invitthe suggestion of Mr. Dummer, those of Guide, new edition, with additions, by Hallowell were included in the invitation, and the motion was agreed to.

The Senate was organized, Mr. Boutelle in the chair, by the re-election of Diseases of the Skin, translated from cassians, 30 to 50 cts.; Wide Blk and Col'd. Robert P. Dunlap as President and Na-the French, in Svo. thaniel S. Littlefield as Secretary

THURSDAY Jan. 5. House. Messrs. Pierce of Gorham, Shaw of Sanford, Hinkley of Bluehill, Smith, M. D. Physician to the London yard square 75 cts.; Col'd Cambrics yard wide Orono, were appointed on the part of the House, to examine, count, and declare the votes for Governor.

Messrs. Clifford of Newfield, Hamlin A fine comment indeed upon the freedom of of Columbia, Lowell of East Machias, which our countrymen boast! A man because Bronson of Anson, and Smith of Porthe dare advocate the "equal rights" of his fel- land, were appointed as the standing

Mr. Kent, from the committee appoint-We believe that our southern States may offer ed for that purpose yesterday, reported rewards, be they ever so large, and their offers a set of Rules and Orders for the House, which were amended on motion of Mr. Phelps of Fairfield, and adopted as aion of our northern citizens to think them ca- mended, and 300 copies ordered to be

On motion, Messrs. Cilley of Thomeditor of the Liberator, is not one of the luke- aston, Belcher of Farmington, and Trafperson to do the State printing for the ensuing year. Ad.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—A Mr. with a degree of satisfaction, and hope ere long lic, that for the sum of sixty dollars, he will afford a machine, that will by the We do not agree with Mr. Garrison respecting aid of a single horse power, and suitable the Colonization Society, for it is undoubtedly | care and attendance, thrash from straw, doing much good. The Liberator is to be en- one hundred bushels of grain, shell three larged the present month, and we trust it will hundred bushels of corn; grind thirty bushels of provender, and cut six hundred bundles of straw, in the short space IFIt is now excellent sleighing, and a good of twelve hours. The operation of the opportunity offers itself for our subscribers to machinery may be seen at 32 Burling bring us "the stalf of life." In addition to slip, New York. This must certainly who are agriculturists upon an extensive

What oceans of Ink .- In the Stationary account of Congress for the year ending 1st ult. we find the following M. D. and R. La Roche, M. D. second items:—2379 reams of paper, 16 lbs. wax, 540 dozen parchments, 45000 quills, 288 knives, 100 lbs wafers, 390 lbs candles, 746 dozen tapes, 252 seals, 480 ink-jugs, 480 wafer boxes, 228 folders, 30 gallons oil, 7 bushels sand, 188 lbs twine, 480 sand boxes.

MARRIED,

In Paris, after a tedious courtship of 30 min ules, Mr. John Rowe of Oxford, aged 75, to Mrs. Jane Hill of the former place, aged 72

In olden times, a Row to make, Three things it always us'd to take; But now the times do stranger grow, For sure one HILL has made a Rowe!

But time may change its course again, And from two Raes [Rowes] proceed, A worthy stock of nice young Bucks,

On other Hills to feed! In Parsonsfield, Mr. Samuel Foss, to Miss Betsey Dearbon-Mr. Wm. D. Dickson, to Miss Mary Dearbon.

In Limerick, Boardman Lehnson, Esq. to Mrs. Abigail Meder.

DIED.

In Paris, on Sunday, first instant, Francis, son of Mr Jesse Commings Jr, aged 2 years and 4 months.

In Philadelphia, aged 84, STEPHEN GIR-ARD, the wealthiest merchant in the city-his nett capital being estimated at \$15,000,000. ces, \$2,000,000 to establish a great public school, in which no clergyman is to be concerned; but the bulk of his property he bequeathed

NOTICE

TO FARMERS.

THE subscribers have purchased the right of making and vending Jo-SEPH D. PRESCOTT'S Improved WIN-NERING MACHINE, for the towns Wicking, &c. &c. of Turner, Buckfield, Paris, Hartford,! Sumner, Hebron, Oxford, Norway, Greenwood and Woodstock, and have commenced the business of manufacturing said machines.

with the above article are requested to call and examine for themselves. 優Terms liberal.

EZRA F. BEAL. WM. STEVENS.

Norway, Jan. 10, 1832. IUST received and for sale at BARTON'S,

ARNOTT'S Elements of Physics, vol.

Elements of Physics, or Natural Philosophy, General and Medical, explained independently of Technical Mathematics, and containing New Disquisitions and Practical Suggestions, by Neill Arnott, M. D. First American from the third London edition, with additions, by Isaac Havs, M. D.

The Poetical Works of Campbell, Rogers, Montgomery, Lambe, and Kirke White, beautifully printed, I vol. 8vo.

ufuctures dependent on Chemical Prin- ternoon, at the School-house in District No. ciples, with numerous Engravings, by two in said Plantation numbered eight. Arthur I. Porter, M. D. late Professor of Chemestry, &c. in the University of Vermont, in Svo. with numerous plates.

Sketches of CHINA, with Illustrations from original Drawings, by W. W.

Evan's MILLWRIGHT and MILLER'S Dr. Thomas P. Jones, in Svo. with

CAZENAVE and SCHEDEL, on

Parsons on ANATOMICAL Preparations, in Svo. with plates.

Fever Hospital. A Treatise on Pathological Anatomy,

by Wm. E. Horner, M. D. Adjunct Professor of Anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania.

. A new edition of a Treatise of Special and General Anatomy, by the same Cotton Hdkfs. Buttons, Sewing Silk, Twist, author, 2 vols. Svo.

The ARMENIANS, a tale of Constantinople, by J. Macfarlane, in 2 vols. Considerations on the Currency and Banking System of the United States, by Albert Gallatin; republished, with additions and corrections, from the American Quarterly Review.

The Practice of MEDICINE, upon the Principles of the Physiological Doctrine, by J. G. Coster, M. D. translated from the French.

Pathological and Practical Researches on Diseases of the Brain and Spinal Cord, by John Abercrombie, M. D. Pathological and Practical Researches

on Diseases of the Stomach, the Intestinal Canal, the Liver, and other Viscera of the Abdomen.

A Rational Exposition of the Physi cal Signs of Diseases of the Lungs and to their former stock, 50 casks PLEURA, Illustrating their Pathology and Facilitating their Diagnosis, by Charles J. Williams, M. D. in Svo. with

Lectures on INFLAMATION, exhibiting a view of the General Doctrines, Pathological and Practical, or Medical Surgery, by John Thompson, M. D., F.

R. S. E. second American edition. Broussais on Chronic Inflamations,translated from the French, in 2 vols.

A Treatise on PHYSIOLOGY, applied to Pathology, translated by John Bell,

Clinical Illustrations of FEVER, comprising a Report of Cases treated at the London Fever Hospital, 1828-29. By Alexander Tweedie, M. D. Member of

edition, with additions.

ENCYCLOPÆDIA AMERICANA; a Popular Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, Literature, History, and Politics: bro't down to the present time, including a copious collection of articles in American Biography. On the basis of the seventh edition of the German Conversations Lexicon. Edited by Dr. Francis Leiber, assisted by Edward Wigglesworth, Esq.

***This work will be completed in twelve large octavo volumes, price two dollars and a half each, strongly bound in cloth. JOURNAL of the HEART, edited by chinist.

the Authoress of Flirtation.

TAS just received a good assortment o Domestic and Foreign GOODS, among which, are Bombazetts Merinos, Circassians, Buckram, Duck, Calicoes, Cambrics, Muslins,

Cheap for Cash!!

JERE. MITCHELL

Goods.

New

Bobinett Lace, Footing, Edging, Pearling, Piping, Gimp, Ticking, Crape, Brown Sheetings, do. Shirtings, bleach'd do., Bonnet SILKS, Millinett, Battiste, Cane, Linen, Vestings, Coat Buttons, Vest do., Pearl do., Ribbons, Belt do., Tapes, Twist, Sewing Silks, Braid, Cord, Floss, Wound Wire, Hooks and Eyes, Pins, Kidl Gloves, Silk do. Flag Silk Hckfs., Imitation! do., Fancy do., Cravats, Suspenders, Factory most unqualified approbation in favor Ginghams, Umbrellas, Copperplate, Batting,

Y. H. Tea, Souchong do., Coffee, Chocolate Loaf Sugar, Brown do., Tobacco, Rice, Rais ins, S. Soap, Corn Brooms, Fish, Glass, blown Salt, Indigo, Nutmegs, Cloves, Bedcords, Paste Persons wishing to supply themselves Blacking, Combs, Sal Nitre, Wafers, &c. &c. LIKEWISE,

Crockery & Glassware, Drugs, Medicines. Sec. Sec. Sec.

As it is the intention of J. M. to sell exclu sively for Cash, persons wishing to purchase any articles in his line of business will do well

Norway Village, Dec. 22, 1831. COLLECTOR'S NOTICE,

PLANTATION NO. 8. OTICE is hereby, given to the non-resident Proprietors of Land in the Planta-

tion numbered Eight, in the County of Oxford and State of Maine, that they are taxed in bills committed to me to collect for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, in the following sums:-

Range, 7-No. of Lot, 8-No. of Acres, 100-Value, \$75,00-Deficient highway tax for

And unless said tax together with all necessary intervening charges are paid to me the HE studious, the weakly, and The CHEMESTRY of the ARTS, on the subscriber on or before the second day of May basis of Gray's Operative Chemist, be- next, so much of said land, as will be sufficient ing an Exhibition of the Arts and Man- Public Vendue, on that day, at one o'clock afto pay said tax and charges, will be sold at

JOHN REED, Collector. December 13th, 1831.

Great Bargains,

RE to be had at the store of the subscriber, No. 1, Mitchell's Buildings, (opposite David Dana's) among which are-BLACK, BLUE, OLIVE, BROWN & MIXT

Broad and Pelisse CLOTHS;

LUSTRING SILKS fm 50 to 67 cts.; Wide GREEN LUSTRING, 57 cts.; CRAPLS, from 250 to 350; Pongees 42; good dark Calicoes from 10 to 20; Shawls of all kinds; Fancy A Treatise on Fever, by Southwood Hokes. 17 to 75 cts.; Super Flag Silk Hokes. 16 cts.; Do. do. 3-4 wide 12 1 2 cts.; large Linen and Cotton Damask TABLE CLOTHS 50 to 7,25; GLOVES 25 cts.—fashionable Belt Ribbons 10 to 20 cts.—Plaids 25 cts.— Cam-BLETS 33-blk. and col'd BOMBAZETTS 17 to 25 cts.—Green FLANNELS 30 cts.—wide Bocking 42 cts.—Sheetings 9 to 12—Super Tickings 15 to 26 ets. Also, white Cambrics, Muslins, &c. &c. at the lowest prices.

WANTED,

Good White and Blue Mixt and col'd Woolen YARN, Undressed and Full CLOTHS, for which the highest price will be give . And any person from the Country wishing to purchase any article or dispose of their cloths on reasonable terms, will find no necessity for GOING FARTHER."

W. D. LITTLE. Portland, Dec. 16, 1833.

HENRY GODDARD & CO. IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE Goods, MIDDLE-STREET, PORTLAND,

FAVE recently received in addition and packages of English and American HARDWARE,

which they offer for sale, wholesale and retail, cheap for cash or approved credit.

WINDOW GLASS. ford GLASS, of all sizes.

Oct. 1831.

THE MEDICAL SOCIETY OF

MHINEILL hold their semi-annual Meet-ing at the new Hotel in Augusta,

on Wednesda; the 11th day of January bly necessary that they should make immediate next at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Annual Meeting stands'adjourned

A. M. Diplomas will be ready for dethe Royal College of Physicians, & livery at the meeting: Per order, BENJA. D. BARTLETT, Rec'g Sec'y. Bath, Dec. 15th, 1831.

ATANTED, immediately at this Office, a boy from 16 to 17 years of age, as an apprentice to the Printing business. One of steady, industrious habits, and who is willing to

be a boy until he is 21 years old will

meet with good encouragement.

.Dec. 20. WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A Young Man, 17 or 18 years of age, to learn the trade of an Iron Ma-

J. C. GREEN.

Albion Corn Plaster!

HE Albion Corn Plaster softens It the corn, however old and tough, and extracts it to the very roots. The relief afforded is gentle, immediate and thorough.

The Proprietor begs leaves to sub-Camblets, Camblet Plaid, Flanel, Padding, mit the following case, from Mr. Stowell, who is well known to the inhabitants of this city, especially at the south end, and at South Boston, as a very respectable citizen.

A CASE.

Sir-I do not hesitate to give my of your valuable Albion Corn Plaster. By the use of less than a box, Mrs. Stowell has been cured of a corn on Cinnamon, Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Starch, each foot, which had been exceeding, ly troublesome and painful for years, and I think it but justice to your invaluable preparation to add, (for the encouragement of those, who owing to repeated disappointments in the various remedies resorted to, have finally despaired of a cure,) that your Plaster cured her corns after trying other highly recommended remedies to no purpose; and what increases my confidence in the superiority of your Plaster, is the fact, that it has been used by several of my neighbors with equally good success.

SETH STOWELL, (Signed) Keeper of the Toll-house, South Boston Bridge. Mr. T. KIDDER,

Proprietor of the Conway Medicines. Boston, June 17th, 1829. ***Price 50 cents.

SORE

AND INFLAMED EYES!

___ others, who are troubled with soreness or inflammation of that delicate organ, will be able to obtain a most pleasant and invaluable application, in

· DUMFRIES' EXE CUATEM.

This well established Wash for the Eye, is perfectly innocent, and gives immediate relief, even in very aggravated cases of soreness and inflam-Price 25 cents. mation.

THE TOOTH ACHE! HIS agonizing disorder is cured in its most painful stages, by one of the most simple as well as powerful remedies known in moderm prac-

CAMBRIAN TOOTH ACHE PILLS afford instant relief, without inflicting the slightest injury on the teeth. They are applied externally to the parts affected, with the greatest ease and expedition, and generally operate as a soothing lenitive to the suffering patient. Price 50 cents a box.

DYSPEPSIA.

F most obstinate character, after having baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, and withstood the most highly recommendedmedical preparation, has been checked; relieved, and cured, in a number of instances in and about this city, by using for a short time Dr. Relfe's VEĞETABLE SPECIFIC, AND AN-

TIBILIOUS PILLS, in connexion, according to the directions accompanying the Specific. It is also one of the best medicines known for Sick Headache, Sickness at the Stomach, Nausea, and Flatulences. Price of the Specific and Pills 50.

cents each. *** None genuine unless signed on the outside printed wrapper by the sole Proprietor, T. KIDDER, immediate successor to the late Dr. W. T. CONWAY. For sale with all the other "Conuay Medicine," at his Counting Room, No. 99, next door to J. Kidder's Drug Store, corner of Court and Hanover streets, near con-

cert Hall, Boston; and by his special appointment, by ASA BARTON, who has for sale a H. G. & CO. have on hand Chelms | general assortment of Drugs and Medicines. Large discount to those who buy to sell Norway Village, Arg. 31 3 again.

LAST CABL.

LL persons incepted to the late firm of A Goodnow & Plelps for the Oxford Observer from the 13th of April, 1829, to October 4, 1830, are informed that it is indispensapayment, and that a resonable space of time is allowed them to-comply with this just request; and that unless payment is made previous to to fae same day and place at 10 o'clock, the first of February next, their accounts, indiscriminately, will be left with an Attorney for

collection. The present proprietor of the Observer has no concern with these accounts, therefore does not consider this notice to I ave any hearing upon his interests; but will answer for himself

when opportunity shall occur. Payment may be made either to the subscri-

ber or to W. E. Goodnow. All persons who are indebted as above for Job Printing or Advertising will please to apply this notice to themselves.

WILLIAM P. PHELTS. Norway Village, Dec. 13th, 1831.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office in Norway, Jan. 1, 1832.

Edmund Frost-Josnua Merrill, Oxford-Lydia Twamby-Is iac Lavejoy-Charles Young, Greenwood-W.E. Goodnow-Rev. Henry A. Norway, (Steep Falls,) Dec. 17. 27 Merrill. WM. REED, P. M.